

## FOR A FEW DAYS

We will sell you a choice of twenty-five

## LONG CLOTH ULSTERS!

(suitable for traveling) at the ridiculous figure of

\$1 EACH.

TWENTY-FIVE

## Cloth "Jackets!"

AT THE SAME PRICE, \$1.

Our object is to close these two lines and the price does not represent even the cost of making, to say nothing of material.

In connection we will make special reductions on our entire line of

## JACKETS, WRAPS, AND CAPES

and all garments for outside wear and of which we show an elegant line.

ARCHIE REID.

Leading and Largest Line of MILLINERY.

## SPOON &amp; SNYDER,

This week offer over 100 different styles in

## Box Paper,

At prices ranging from 8c up.

## The Finest Line of School Tablets in the City.

Look out for our announcement of third

## Special Ribbon Sale!

in a few days. In the mean time just step in and look over our large line of

## STAMPED GOODS, ART LINENS, SCRIMS,

Bargarren Goods, etc.

SPOON &amp; SNYDER.

61 West Milwaukee Street.

## New Mail!

THE  
BEST  
WHEEL  
IN  
THE  
MARKET.RANGING  
IN PRICE  
FROM  
\$18  
TO  
\$25.

A FULL LINE IN STOCK.

## Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers,

Screen Doors and Windows, Barbed Wire, and a full line of Staple Hardware.

A full line Lawn Hose and Trucks at low prices.

JOHN HUNTRESS has charge of our Tin Shop. Call and see us.

F. M. FINCH,  
13 North Main Street, Janesville, Wis.

## Insurance and Real Estate!

At the Insurance and Real Estate office, Room 10, second floor in the Jackson block, is represented the old, strong,

## Leading Insurance Companies!

of America and Europe. They can be truthfully be said to be TIME TRIED AND FIRE TESTED.

## STEAM, BOILER AND TORNADO INSURANCE

a Specialty. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am, very respectfully,

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

## Lace Curtains!

AT

## BORT, BAILEY &amp; CO'S.

Having placed on sale an exceedingly fine line of Lace Curtains, we call your attention to some of the choice patterns we are offering. Our latest arrival of Curtains 180 pair, ranging in price from \$1.25 to \$20 per pair. We have bought these curtains cheap and are willing to sell them at a close margin. If you want Lace Curtains

## WE CAN PLEASE YOU

Odd Curtains and Odd Pairs at Half Price.

## WE HAVE ON HAND A GOOD

many Single Curtains and Single

pairs that we will sell at just HALF PRICE.

We want to close them out. Can you use

them?

## BORT, BAILEY &amp; CO.,

Agents for Butterick's Patterns, Clean-Fast Hosiery, and Priestley's Black Goods.

## COOLNESS

IN THE FAMILY, WILL SOON BE A GOOD THING TO HAVE, WHEN CAUSED BY THE

## NEW PROCESS GURNEY REFRIGERATOR!

ENTIRELY NEW--NOTHING LIKE IT.

Wherever seen and used is the people's favorite. A New Challenge Refrigerator at Cost to close them out.

## The New Success is Latest in Gasoline Stoves.

Lawn Hose and Reels, Ice Cream Freezers.

The oldest and best Tin and Iron Shop in the city. In

prices we meet all legitimate competition.

GRISWOLD &amp; SANBORN,

28 South Main Street.

## SEWERS ARE COMING.

Until further notice we will sell vitrified Sewer Pipe such as now used by the city as follows

3-inch pipe . . . . . 4 cents per foot.	10-inch pipe . . . . . 164 cents per foot.
4-inch pipe . . . . . 5 cents per foot.	12-inch pipe . . . . . 202 cents per foot.
6-inch pipe . . . . . 71 cents per foot.	16-inch pipe . . . . . 35 cents per foot.
8-inch pipe . . . . . 111 cents per foot.	18-inch pipe . . . . . 431 cents per foot.

Sewer Pipe Fittings Also at Cost.



## Gas Stoves

AT COST.

And will be set up free of charge, when not to exceed thirty feet of pipe is required.

H. E. MERRILL,

6 North Main St.  
Gas Burners FREE of cost.

## \$30 LOTS, \$10 DOWN, \$1 WEEKLY

By buying just such lots 25 or 30 years ago the merchant princes of Chicago laid the foundation of their fortunes.

We have just opened our new subdivision, called THE ORIGINAL TOWN OF GRIF-FITH, and have fixed the prices and terms so that the poorest man can buy lots 25 x 124 1/2 feet to 10 foot alley, for \$50 and upwards. Terms: 10 cash; balance \$1 per week, or \$4 per month. Don't miss this only opportunity. Can you save \$1 per week? Dollars will grow into lots, and lots will grow into fortunes. Begin by buying a lot in Griffith, the coming great manufacturing suburb of Chicago.

## NOTE ITS ADVANTAGES.

Three Eastern Trunk Railways.	Higher Elevation than Harvey.
The Outer Belt Railway . . . . .	Nearer than Waukegan . . . . .
The Standard Oil Pipe Line . . . . .	It is the Coming Point . . . . .
Lots Guaranteed to be High and Dry, or Money Refunded.	

See what the Chicago dailies and real estate papers say of Griffith. Send for plans and extracts from the papers. We gladly mail them free. Write quickly. Don't be too late. Get plots.

## Jay Dwiggins &amp; Co.

CHICAGO REAL ESTATE INVESTORS.

409 Chamber of Commerce Building, Chicago, Ill.

## A HARVEST OF MONEY!

No plowing. No grubbing. Simply harvesting and that without labor. Where are these wondrous 6-10? Read a little further and learn.

REWARD TO ANY PERSON who can show that they did not make 100 per cent. in one year on Chicago real estate bought from me. Buy my lots located right in the center of the great city of Chicago. On the South side, West side, South west side and North west side. I have 250 lots in all which I will close out at \$200 below market price in the next four weeks. Lot from \$275.00 and upwards. Reap the Golden Harvest. The World's Fair will do the cultivating.

ADOLPH J. SABATH, 77-79 S. Clark St. Chicago, Ill.

All letters promptly answered

## You Don't Need

To go to some city far off to invest for profit in real estate. You can't help making money faster, surer and more of it on same amount invested right here at home, provided you invest under the advice of those skilled in the art. Yours very truly,

GEO. L. &amp; SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

## Such Investments

May be found at our office every day in the week. Take, for instance, any one of those five lots on South Main street. They are the only lots north of Wheeler street on South Main that are purchasable on the east side of Main. We offer them at 20 per cent less than they are worth today.

Yours very truly,

GEO. L. &amp; SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

## That Block

Surrounded by South Main, Carrington, Wheeler and Oak streets embraces three of the charming South Main street lots, two on Carrington, two on Wheeler and three on Oak. Every one of these lots are laid out on "the Carrington plan," that is, with liberal alleys in rear of every one. We will sell one or all of these lots at our present price and GUARANTEE that the buyer can sell them within five years at fifty per cent. advance.

Where else can you secure a SURE ten per cent. per annum investment? Call and see us. Yours very truly,

GEO. L. &amp; SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

## That Six-Room House,

Corner Gore and South Bluff streets, in Carrington, Wheeler &amp; Whitehead's addition, approaches completion. It is as nice a home as any family can desire. We offer it for cash payment of \$200; balance on \$10 per month and long time. Take this and you will own a home as cheap as you can rent one. Yours very truly,

GEO. L. &amp; SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

## We Want To Build

Somebody a home on the best corner lot in Janesville—size 4 by 10 rods—the house to be as handsome a house, of moderate size, as we have seen for many a year. A good barn, and sell the whole on easy payments for \$2-150. This place will sell for \$3,000 in less than 5 years. Yours very truly,

GEO. L. &amp; SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

## If You Have.

\$7,000 to invest we will show you a place for it where it will pay you

CLEAR ten per cent above taxes and insurance and in a property sure to advance over ten per cent. in value the next 3 years. Yours very truly,

GEO. L. &amp; SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

## For The Present

Our home, "Riverview," is out of the market. When a man comes along wanting the best home in Rock county, we will sell it, provided we can get from 15 to 20 per cent over cost, and occupy it six months till we can build a smaller house across the street. For six months' rental we will pay 5 per cent on selling price. Yours very truly,

GEO. L. &amp; SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

## ARE MAKING A BLUFF

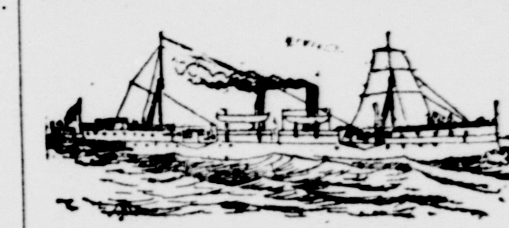
Interview Between Captains of Esmeralda and Charleston.

## THE LATTER SAYS HE'S READY TO FIGHT

The Itata Can't Be Taken Until His Ship Is Sunk. The Charleston's Commander Declares He Will Capture the Fugitive.

ACAPULCO, Mex., May 18.—The Charleston started south Sunday night. The Esmeralda is not yet sighted. The pursuit of the Itata has not yet been abandoned. The original orders from the navy department to capture the Chilean insurgent and return it to San Diego to be placed in the same position it was prior to its escape will be carried out. Nothing has been heard of the Itata. The Charleston's officers evidently expect the Itata will not run into Acapulco. What the Charleston now intends doing will depend on Capt. Remy's orders. It is not improbable that he will continue straight on for Chili, stopping for coal at Panama, in order to join the other ships of our navy at Iquique. As the Itata must turn up there eventually, perhaps that will be the surest way to catch her.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 18.—A telegram from an officer on the Charleston at Acapulco says that the Itata had not been seen or heard from. When the



THE ESMERALDA.

Charleston entered the harbor she passed near the Chilean war vessel Esmeralda. The Charleston went to quarters and loaded her battery for an emergency. The Esmeralda speaks all vessels she meets. Two days ago she attempted to buy coal at Acapulco, but failed to get any because of a lack of coin. Soon after the Charleston anchored the Esmeralda steamed into port and Captain Remy had an interview with her commander. The latter said frankly that the Charleston would never take the Itata until the Esmeralda was sunk. Remy replied that his orders were to take the Itata, and it would make no difference whether the Esmeralda was in Acapulco or not. The Charleston is ready for action, and every one expects a fight if the Itata appears. It is rumored that the Esmeralda had communication at sea with the Itata Friday and that the latter steamed south after receiving provisions from the Esmeralda. The Mexican war department has sent instructions to the authorities at Acapulco to be prudent and to act with extraordinary care, but at the same time to compel proper respect for Mexican neutrality.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 18.—The government denies the truth of the published rumors that the Chilean steamer Esmeralda succeeded in buying even a limited amount of coal at Acapulco, but says that, on the contrary, she was ordered out of the port and is now lying off the coast in neutral waters waiting, it is thought, for the steamer Itata.

## DAMAGE BY THE FROSTS.

Fruits and Vegetables in Illinois Badly Injured. In Other States.

BELVIDERE, Ill., May 18.—The frost of Saturday night sounded the death-knell of strawberries here, and greatly damaged grapes, tomatoes, cherries and almost every kind of fruits and vegetables. The loss will be thousands of dollars in this county alone.

WOODSTOCK, Ill., May 18.—A heavy frost fell here Saturday night doing considerable damage to grapes, strawberries and early garden vegetables.

WOODSTOCK, Ill., May 18.—The frost Saturday night was destructive. Most of the strawberry vines and some small vegetables are totally destroyed.

EVER SALESKY, O., May 18.—Great damage was done here Saturday night by frost. Fruit was almost totally ruined, and much injury was done to wheat and corn.

CLEVELAND, O., May 18.—Dispatches from towns in northern Ohio report a pretty general frost Saturday night, which did considerable damage to small vegetables and fruit.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Specials report killing frosts in Haron, Wyandotte, Fayette and Licking counties in this state. The damage to apples, peaches, cherries and to all small fruits in these sections is reported completely destructive. Growing corn has been ripped and wheat badly frosted.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Saturday night, just before closing time, Joseph Riedel, a butcher doing business at 2633 Hickory street, sat down in his chair and fell asleep. Three men entered and grabbed the sleeping man, trying to take from his pocket a roll of bills which he was supposed to carry. He awoke and fought his assailants so vigorously that one drew a revolver and shot him in the head. He died in a few minutes. The murderers escaped. Three men have been arrested, but their identification is doubtful. The murderers got no money.

## Forest Fires in Wisconsin.

WEST SUPERIOR, WIS., May 18.—A heavy cloud of smoke envelopes Superior, indicating that forest fires are raging not far distant. The fires are doing most damage on the north division of the Northern Pacific. All wires between here and Ashland are down and no particulars can be learned. An official of the eastern division has just returned from Holyoke and says everything is burning along his line.

G. A. R. Veterans Must Contribute.

DECATUR, Ill., May 18.—A national order has been issued by Gen. Veazey, commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, calling on the grand army veterans to promptly contribute to the fund necessary to erect the national memorial hall at Decatur, where the order had its birth April 6, 1860.

## Two Thousand People Homeless.

SANTA FE, N. M., May 18.—Sheriff Luna, of Valencia county, reports 2,000 people homeless in his county on the east bank of the Rio Grande, opposite Los Lunas, the county seat of the county. Their houses and crops have been destroyed by the flood in the Rio Grande. The river is now slowly falling.

## THE MUSKOGON FIRE.

Scenes in the Flameswept Michigan City.

MUSKOGON, Mich., May 18.—Fourteen squares in the heart of this city, including much of the best business and residence property, covering from thirty-five to forty acres of ground, were devastated Saturday afternoon by a fire which ceased only because nothing remained in its path. Stores, residences and public buildings were swept away like chaff, and when at last the conflagration ended property valued at over half a million dollars had vanished and hundreds of people were homeless.

Fire started at 6:30 o'clock in the Lankawell hotel barns, just off Pine street, from some unknown cause, and, aided by a strong wind, swept away ten blocks up Pine street, one of the chief business streets of the city. Then, by a sudden shift in the wind, the flames were driven toward Terrace avenue, one of the finest residence streets in the city, where they destroyed many houses.

By 9 o'clock fire had reached the southern district of the city, where there was more space between the houses, and the firemen succeeded in considerably reducing the progress of the flames. As the high buildings burned there was great danger from flying firebrands and the firemen were obliged to continually shift their positions. The Grand Rapids engines were put to work as soon as they arrived.

The total number of dwellings burned was 275. The total loss is \$625,000. The total insurance is about \$275,000. Many of the burned places have no insurance. Hundreds of families are thrust upon their friends for accommodations.

Pine street business houses for ten blocks were entirely wiped out. Among the more valuable structures were the Pine Street house, the Philabour block, Eckerman's drug store, Matthew Wilson's residence, Sedgwick's wholesale store, McMichael's shoe store, the Lankawell hotel, the residences of S. E. Jewett, L. A. Miller, Peter P. Skeletos, Alex. Van Zanten, Mr. Fleming, James Hutchinson, Dr. Van Derlaan, R. Mueller, J. R. Brown, Justice Williams, Reynolds, Danforth &amp; Behren's planing mill and the German Evangelical church were destroyed. Judge Dickerman lost nearly his entire law library in the courthouse.

Britton Bros. lost their machine shop and half a dozen houses. There was no insurance on them. Frequent reports from exploding boilers were heard. Dynamite was used in some instances to remove buildings.

Other streets which suffered severely were Terrace, East Concord, East Hartford, East Diani, East Havare, East Ionia, West Ionia, Apple and Spring streets, and East Muskegon and East Webster avenues.

The 500,000 courthouse burned. Prisoners in the county jail, which occupied the basement of the courthouse, were liberated. Several cows and horses were burned. A large portion of the dwellings burned were owned by mechanics, upon whom the loss will fall with special weight. They were generally all insured for about one-half the value of their houses.

It was not an hour after the fire was first discovered in the blacksmith shop on Pine street before two whole squares had been swept clean by the fiery hurricane. The first house of any pretensions to burn was the residence of Matthew Wilson, a wealthy lumberman. His residence cost about \$40,000 and was elegantly furnished. Carvers had just completed \$8,000 worth of work on the interior. The splendid furnishings, carpets, tapestries, statuary, etc., were thrown to the wall in the drags and the costly bric-a-brac was buried beneath the plebian trappings of the humbler people who, in the disorder and confusion, appropriated the same vehicles. Drags were scarcely to be had and those which were obtained charged extraordinary prices for their services.

At 4 o'clock fire started in the tower of the courthouse, and in a few minutes the fine structure was wrapped in flames. The gale increased in velocity and caused the flames to roar and shriek from the roof and tower of the large building which was burning in the center of four blocks of dwelling houses, all of which were a sea of flame.

At about the same time the utmost excitement prevailed on Pine street. Two children had been overlooked and were in a back room of a tenement house. The screams of the frantic mother could be heard above the roar of the flames calling on those a out her to save her children. The situation was rendered more exciting by the explosion at this moment of a stock of fireworks in the building adjoining. Ladders were procured and the children were taken from the building in an almost suffocated condition. After the fire had destroyed the block south of the courthouse the wind shifted to the eastward and drove the flames across the block to Terrace street, where the elegant residences of Alderman Fleming, David McLaughlin, W. G. Wood and others were destroyed. The wind suddenly abated and the fire was checked at Ionia street, nine blocks from the starting point. In four hours forty acres of buildings had been swept from sight.

The courthouse will be immediately rebuilt. All the books of record are in the vaults and the probabilities are that they are safe. Building will commence this morning, and it is believed that within six months almost all the houses will be replaced. The Morning News has opened a subscription fund, which has already grown to goodly proportions. The fire was under control at 9 o'clock. A number of business men who were uninsured are penniless, but will start again with the assistance already offered. The fire is the most destructive known in northern Michigan since 1871, when the same territory in this city was burned over and the city of Peshtigo was destroyed, shortly after the burning of Chicago.

Among the sad incidents connected with the fire was the death of Harry Stevens, assistant postmaster, the son of Postmaster Stevens. He was very ill with pneumonia, and the flames made it necessary to remove him to a place of safety, and he died while being carried through the streets.

## FIRED 500 HEARTS.

Half a Thousand Cards Signed In the Mills' Meeting.

## THE AISLES AND ENTRIES PACKED.

All Stores in the City Asked to Close On Wednesday For a Day of Special Prayer Much Good Accomplished By the Series of Meetings.

Yesterday was a high day among the churches of Janesville, made so by the Mills' meetings. One of the finest audiences of men ever convened in Janesville assembled at 10:30 in the Congregational church, where Mr. Mills made a powerful appeal to men to enter the christian life, founding his remarks on this text from the book of Amos, "Woe to them that are at ease in Zion." His words throughout were characterized by earnestness, tenderness and strength, and many a serious face and moistened eye testified to their power.

The large gospel choir sang grandly, and Mr. Greenwood also sang several touching selections. At the close of this service a number of pledges were made "that I desire henceforth to lead a christian life."

Mr. Merrill, an evangelist from Minneapolis, preached in the Baptist church at the same hour to an audience of women that literally packed the church full, aisles and all. His topic was Ruth's pledge of love and loyalty to Naomi's God, and was a very earnest and faithful presentation of the requirements which divine love makes upon us.

The Sunday schools or at least many of them set aside the regular programme of work, and devoted the hour to the immediate work of soul winning and consecration to God, and it is reported with most marked and gratifying results.

In the evening Mr. Mills preached again to an audience that filled every inch of space in the Congregational church aisles and stood packed in the entries. Two or three hundred were turned away unable to gain admission. The theme was "Behold I stand at the door and knock." This earnest and tender appeal was followed by a large aftermeeting for inquirers in a lecture room. Five hundred have signed cards signifying a desire to lead a christian life, and some of these are from almost every congregation in the city, as the cards that are signed would indicate.

Mr. Mills preached this afternoon in the Baptist church, and will preach again this evening in the Congregational church. Wednesday is to be made a day of special prayer and effort; services are to be held all day, and most all the business of the city, it is expected, will be suspended during the forenoon, afternoon and evening hours of service.

It is very evident that Janesville has not for many years, if ever, been more thoroughly stirred by real, earnest and yet intelligent and wholesome religious feeling.

## RAUM MAY RESIGN.

Another Change in the Head of the Pension Bureau Expected.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The absence of both Secretary Noble and Pension Commissioner Raum has stayed further developments in the pension bureau scandal, which resulted in the acceptance of the resignation of Green B. Raum, Jr. There will, however, be a thorough investigation of what has been going on. Before he went to St. Louis Secretary Noble had ordered the dismissal of several of the persons who were shown to be in collusion with young Raum in getting appointments and promotions. But the possibility that there may have been a regular system of farming out of patronage will call for a searching inquiry to determine whether other employees have been implicated. That abuses have grown up no one doubts. The civil service commission, whose rules were evaded, will also seek to bring about a reform. It is understood that President Harrison is annoyed that the matter went so far as it did before the culprit was discovered, and will insist on a change in the methods of management which will prevent such abuses in the future. While much sympathy is felt for Gen. Raum the prevailing opinion is that the easiest way out of the trouble will be his resignation. In spite of Secretary Noble's talk about his friendly relations with the commissioner he will probably insist on the importance of a change in the head of the pension bureau, and the president is quite apt to agree with him.

Gen. Raum has returned to Washington from Chicago. He had little to say about the report that he would resign his position owing to the alleged wrong doings of his son, who is accused of farming out offices in the pension bureau. Concerning his son, the general was reluctant to talk. His son's resignation, he said, had been tendered with his approval. He was, however, firmly convinced that he was not guilty, but that he had the victim of a conspiracy on the part of men whom he knew to be at the bottom of the trouble, but whom he declined to name. Touching on this matter he emphasized the point that the young man had no bad habits and was not dissipated in any way.

## GOLD FOR EUROPE.

The Week's Shipments Amount to \$8,000,000—A Total of Over \$110,000,000 Sent Abroad in the Last Three Years.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The steady drain of the gold reserve in this city reached enormous proportions in the week just ended, the total shipment amounting to \$8,000,000, half of which went to the Etruria. So far this year \$45,000,000 worth has gone abroad. Every country in Europe is practically paying a premium for gold and the situation here may be serious before long. The Bank of England's rate for gold now places silver at 121, which is the widest difference between the two metals. An estimate of the amount of gold withdrawn for shipment to Europe in the last three years places it at over \$110,000,000, of which not one-third has been returned.

Robbed an Express Agent.

VIRGINIA, Ill., May 18.—Early Saturday morning Thomas Keenly, night agent of the Jacksonville Southeastern railway at this place, was held up?



## THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

**Terms of Subscription.**  
Daily edition, one year, \$2.00  
Parts of a year, per month, 20  
Weekly edition, one year, 1.50  
**Special Advertising Notice.**  
We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituary notices, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.  
We published free marriages, death and obituary notices, without notice, also notices of church and society meetings.  
We publish at half rates church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

## TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES

1160—Erik IX, or St. Eric, missionary king of Sweden, slain; birth date unknown.  
1866—The editor of the San Francisco Bulletin, known as James King of William, shot dead by James Casey, which caused immediate organization of vigilance committee and hanging of Casey and many others.  
1858—The Duchess of Orleans died at Richmond, England.  
1868—Siege of Vicksburg begun; lasted till July 4, four minor battles elsewhere.  
1864—Battles at Rome, Ga.; Kingston, Ga.; and Bayou de la Poudre, or Calhoun Station, La.  
1870—International yacht race—Cambridge, England, vs. Sappho, American; won by Sappho.  
1875—Earthquake at Cuenca, Colombia, S. A.; 5,000 lives lost.  
1888—A. J. Streeter nominated for president by National Labor convention; International exhibition opened at Copenhagen, Denmark.  
1890—Powder explosion in Havana, Cuba; killed 30 persons and injured over 100.

## A TRAP FOR REPUBLICAN FARMERS.

It is probable that many Rock county farmers have not yet seen the clever little digest of the political situation that is going the rounds of the democratic papers. It reads as a very matter of fact Washington dispatch, but clearly contains between the lines a hint to the democrats everywhere to foster the Farmers Alliance movement in every locality as far as possible, as the necessary means of electing the next democratic national ticket. It is the old scheme which the democrats have so often worked, with the prohibitionists, the greenbackers and other third party supporters acting as an auxiliary to the democratic party. The article is very cleverly gotten up. It says: "The candidacy of a farmer nominee means that the republicans are to lose four states which they have always carried for president, to-wit: Iowa, Kansas, Wisconsin and Minnesota, with Michigan, Nebraska, North and South Dakota debatable grounds." Further on it says: "The Alliance-Labor movement will not deprive the democrats of one electoral vote. Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, and all other democratic states in which the Alliance has a strong foothold, and safe enough for the democratic ticket."

The object of this broad hint to the democrats of the county is apparent. It is a signal to the workers to play the Alliance movement for all it is worth everywhere and anywhere, for the reason that in the south and democratic states the Alliance is solidly democratic and will vote the democratic ticket anyhow, while in republican states the republican wing of the Alliance can be led into voting for a third party candidate, thus throwing the plurality to the democratic candidate. It is a fine trap, and the farmers of the north are expected to fall into it. Democrats know that a democrat is always a democrat; but that a republican entering a third party movement does it honestly and conscientiously and upon convictions that he carries with him the ballot box. The question therefore is, whether the republican farmers of the north are to allow themselves to be hoodwinked by this southern democratic scheme.

In commenting on the Dodge law, The Columbia, Milwaukee's leading German Catholic organ, says: "It is unjust because it infringes on the right of the testator to do with his property after his death as he pleases and sees fit, and it does that in such a manner that no one can be certain that his bequests will be put to the use he intends. It is very easy to say to make one's last will 'in time.' When is that 'in time'? A person may be today in full possession of his mental and physical faculties, and as such he makes his last will. Tomorrow he is stricken with apoplexy and soon after dead. All his bequests for religious and charitable purposes are rendered void through this law, because the required three months have not passed, though these bequests were made by a perfectly sane and rational person."

If southern Alliance democrat can remain a democrat and exert the influence of his order within his own party, why should not a northern Alliance republican remain a republican and exert the influence of his order within his own party? The democratic plan, outlined in another article, is to simply encourage the Alliance of the north to help defeat the republican party and get left out in the cold in the minority without a standing in any party.

A census bulletin on tobacco shows that Wisconsin produced 19,386,149 lbs. of tobacco in 1889—nearly double the quantity grown in the state in 1879. This is from the United States' officers. The assessors getting statistics for that year under the State law did not find as much tobacco by 4,000,000 pounds.

Senator Vilas is said to want Colonel Knight for governor and John L. Mitchell for secretary. His friends intimated as much after his Milwaukee visit, but whether they were thanked for it in view of the reaction it has made among other aspiring democrats, is not stated.

There is still hope for the peach crop. At least, Maryland hangs out its banner on the outer walls and proclaims that in Kent and Queen Anne counties the peach trees are all right, the fruit being too far advanced to be injured by the recent cold snap.

Appleton Crescent: It is all stuff that the state board of control is to have control of the Veterans' home near Waupaca. The legislature Woodworth have it so.

If always to court and never to wed is the height of felicity, then that couple who were married in Berlin the

other day after an engagement of fifty years must have had a good time for half a century. We tender them our congratulations.

## ARE SPRIGHTLY THOUGH OLD.

Mrs. Marion Smith and Frank Simmons were married at Green Bay on the 14th. He is 73 years old while the bride's age is 68 years.

Mrs. M. La Rose, 99 years of age, residing in Seymour, has cut four new teeth, and is also receiving a head of new hair.

Mrs. Sarah Longfield, 68 years old, of Madison, mistook a cellar door for a bedroom door, and fell to the cellar floor. She suffered a broken arm, and severe cuts and bruises about the head and face, but is rapidly recovering.

## TAKING TIME FROM THE STARS.

How "Cambridge Time" is Secured in the Observatory at Harvard.

No timepiece is perfect, and there are no means on earth of keeping perfect time. The stars, however, furnish the necessary means. At the observatory in Cambridge there are two principal clocks employed in keeping the standard time—the standard mean time clock, which telegraphs its signals over the surrounding country, and the normal sidereal clock, which is the main standard of the observatory, to which everything is referred. The sidereal clock, as its name implies, keeps sidereal or star time, which gains about three minutes and fifty-eight seconds per day over mean solar time, with which we are all familiar.

The clock is of the finest workmanship and is kept in a brick vault, underneath the observatory, where the temperature is as nearly constant as possible.

Every effort is made to protect it from any influence which might affect its "rate," or, in other words, the amount of its gain or loss per day. This is necessary in order that the "rate" may be depended upon to give the correct time during spells of cloudy weather, when no observations can be made. On every clear morning the error of this clock is carefully determined by observing certain bright stars with an instrument known as the meridian circle.

This instrument consists of a telescope mounted on trunnions like a cannon and supported by a pier of solid masonry. It is so arranged that it can be directed toward any point on the meridian, but cannot be pointed away from the meridian line. On looking into the eyepiece of this telescope one sees a series of fine parallel lines running north and south across the field of view, the middle line marking the meridian.

When a time observation is to be made the observer first selects a suitable star from a printed star list, which gives the exact time at which each of the principal stars crosses the meridian. He then sets the telescope at the proper point on the meridian to intercept the star, and putting his eye to the eyepiece, waits for the star to appear.

As the star crosses each of the lines before mentioned he presses an electric key which he holds in his hand. The signals thus given are recorded electrically on a registering instrument called a chronograph, on which are also being recorded the seconds of the sidereal clock. The chronograph consists of a cylinder made to revolve by clock work at the rate of about once a minute.

A paper, wrapped around this cylinder, carries the record traced by a pen, which is connected by an electro-magnetic net in such a manner that any signal made either by the operator or the clock, causes the pen to make a mark on the paper.

By examining this paper the observer is able to tell within a tenth of a second the time which the normal clock indicated when the star crossed the meridian.

Comparing this with the time taken from the star list shows the error of the clock. A comparison is then made between the sidereal and mean time clocks, which, after allowing for the difference between mean and sidereal time, shows the error of the mean time clock.

If the clock is slow a slight weight is placed on the top of the pendulum bob, which causes the clock to gain slightly. If, on the other hand, the clock is found to be fast a corresponding weight is removed, making the clock lose slowly. In this way the standard signals are kept within a few tenths of a second of the correct time.—Youth's Companion.

## He Made a Big Mistake.

A few days ago a man raised his hat to a lady in a prominent retail store. The lady stared at him for his impertinence and turned her head. His face flushed, and after hesitating a moment he went up to her and said: "You really must excuse me, madam, for I mistook you for a lady whom I met but once a short time ago. I saw my mistake at once, but still there is a very great resemblance. Her name is Mrs. —. The resemblance is so remarkable you may have heard of her."

The lady, with an amused smile, finally said:

"Yes, the resemblance is remarkable. I myself am Mrs. —."

The man started. By the time he had discovered just what the "mistake" was that he saw the lady was gone.—Chicago Herald.

## Insecticide.

A young man from the country had been visiting the city, and was relating some of his adventures to admiring friends.

Among other things he gave an account of how he attended mass in the cathedral. As he described the ceremonies, he noticed that one young lady seemed greatly interested, and when he mentioned the waving of the censers, she suddenly exclaimed:

"Oh, Mr. Stroll, did you really see them burn insects, as people say they do?"—Youth's Companion.

## The Colonel's Age

After one of his Italian successes, Napoleon Bonaparte had some of the prisoners brought before him. Among them was an old Hungarian colonel, who, on being questioned, said that he had served in the army of Maria Theresa.

"You must be an old man," remarked the great general.  
"Yes, since I am about sixty or seventy," replied the colonel.  
"Indeed!" cried Napoleon, laughing. "You have certainly lived long enough to count your years a little closer."  
"Sire," said the old colonel, testily, "I always count up—money, my shirts and my horses, but as to my years, I know nobody is foolish enough to want to steal them, so I don't take the trouble to remember the exact number."—Harper's Young People.

## An Indiscretion.

Tape—I hear you've been fired.  
Measure—Yes.  
Tape—What for?  
Measure—Telling the truth.  
Tape—I see. You told some customer that those French silks were made in New Jersey?

Measure—No. One of the new salesmen wanted to know what kind of a man old Parker was, and I told him Parker was an old fool. Parker heard me.

Tape—And he discharged you? Didn't you explain it?

Measure—Yes. I told him I didn't know that it was a trade secret.—Puck.

## A Candid Son-in-Law.

Angry Mother-in-law—You never inquired once how I was coming on during my long sickness. You knew I was dangerously ill, but you did not mention the slightest interest.

Son-in-law—But I felt it all the same. I didn't make any parade of my feelings, but I looked over the mortuary report in the paper, in the hope of seeing your name.—Texas Siftings.

## Had N. Pity for Him.

He (after his third proposal and rejection)—Is there nothing I can do, Miss Timpanius, to have you say yes?

She—Yes, there is.

He—Oh, tell me what it is.

She—Ask me if I will continue to say no.—Boston Herald.

## Encouraging.

Dimleigh—What do you think, Scraggs has been circulating a report that I am dishonest. Isn't that awful?

Bimleigh—Everything I know of you is respectable, I can say that. Scraggs may know something which I do not.—Light.

## AN INCOME ASSURED.

Deacon Yallerby—Well, young man, ef I gibs yo' my daughter's han' what an yo' prospects fo' makin' a livin'?

Lazy Johnny—First-class, sah. I see often admired Cicely's work at de wash-tub when passin' by yosh doah.—Judge.

## No Sale.

Mose Schaumburg—I want to dell you right now, Mishter Silverstone, dot I don't give Rachel any ready money ven she gits married.

Mr. Silverstone—It dot gase, Mishter Schaumburg, I per leave to inform you dot I don't marry Rachel on long credit, but I will consider your note at thirty days mit brother securities.—Texas Siftings.

## Same Habits.

Mrs. Gay—Your habits have changed since we were married; before, you never left me until midnight, now you don't get in until that time.

Mr. Gay—My hours are just the same; only it used to be my mother who did the kicking!—Puck.

## Her Last Farewell.

Dying Husband (faintly)—My dearest wife, I soon must leave you. Is there no last farewell word you have for me?

Wife—Oh, Henry, my heart is breaking! Are you *sure* that that last premium on your life insurance was paid all right?—Jury.

## Literary Item.

Jones—What are you doing now for a living?

Smith—I live by writing.

"For the press?"

"Oh, no; I write to the old man twice a month to send me some more money."—Texas Siftings.

## Definitions.

School-teacher—Johnny, you may tell me what success means.

Johnny—The prosperous termination of anything attempted.

School-teacher—Now, Bobby, what is a failure?

Johnny—Ma says pa is.—Judge.

## Not a Clear Title.

Parson—Do you think, young man, that when the time comes you will be able to read your title to mansions in the skies?

Young Man—No, sir, I'm afraid there will be a mortgage of some kind on it.—Judge.

## A Relief.

"Your little brother is getting to be quite a boy," said the visitor.

"Yes," returned Willie. "I'm glad of it, too. He was so awfully sissy for a girl, I thought he was going to be a girl."—Harper's Young People.

## A Queer Place.

"What is law street?" asked the Englishman.

"It is a place," replied the American, "where the charitable poor contribute money to support the deering rich."—Munsey's Weekly.

## State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss.

Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for one and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. Frank J. Cheney.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

Full's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

For sale by druggists, 25 cents.

## Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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## A Born liar.

Harold, a boy of 5, converses with his friend of equally mature years as follows:

"My father is going to get me a goat."

"I've got twenty goats."

"Where are they?"

"Oh, they're down in father's office, 'course."

"Why don't they bring them here?"

"They're sick."

A pause. Harold speaks:

"I saw Anthony's Nose last summer."

"I saw Anthony himself."

"Anthony's Nose is a rock, and it broke off and fell into the water."

"I saw it fall."

Jack's mother, an interested listener, at this point thought it expedient to interpose with a moral lesson.

"Why, Jack," said she, "did you never hear of Ananias and Sapphira?"

"I knew them both."

"You know, Jack, they were struck dead for telling lies."

"Yes, I saw them struck."

"Oh, do you know where they went?"

"Oh, yes; I saw them go."—Watson's Illuminator.

## Excursion to Lake Okauch.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway will sell round trip excursion tickets to La Crosse at \$5.10 on May 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21, good to return until May 22. For beautiful scenery and daylight ride take the 9:30 morning train.

## Quick Cures for Cuts.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Sherer & Co.

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## "Meet me by Moolight Love,"

But before doing so come to our

## SIXTH SPECIAL SALE!

which commences Monday. All our sales have been a grand success and they have attracted such general attention that we were forced to add additional help. For our sixth sale we offer:

- NO. 1.—Splendid Shirting Prints at 34c yard.
- NO. 2.—Best Apron Gingham at 8c yard.
- NO. 3.—Dress Gingham at 7 1/2c yard.
- NO. 4.—Tulle de Norde and Zephyr Gingham at 12 1/2c yard.
- NO. 5.—All Wool 36-inch Dress Flannels at 25c yard.
- NO. 6.—Splendid All Wool Broadcloth at 35c yard.
- NO. 7.—Black Satines (good quality) at 10c yard.
- NO. 8.—Children's and Misses Straw hats, 15 and 25c.
- NO. 9.—Ladies' Straw Hats at 15c.
- NO. 10.—16-inch Henriettas at 6c yard.
- NO. 11







